## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A cleaning liquid used in a process for forming a dual damascene structure comprising steps of etching a low dielectric layer accumulated on a substrate having thereon a metallic layer to form a first etched-space; charging a sacrifice layer in the first etched-space; partially etching the low dielectric layer and the sacrifice layer to form a second etched-space connected to the first etched-space; and removing the sacrifice layer remaining in the first etched-space with the cleaning liquid, wherein the cleaning liquid comprises (a) 1 - 25 mass % of a quaternary ammonium hydroxide represented by the following general formula (I), (b) 30 - 70 mass % of a water soluble organic solvent, and (c) 20 - 60 mass % of water:

$$\begin{bmatrix} R_1 \\ I \\ R_2 - N - R_4 \\ I \\ R_3 \end{bmatrix}^+ OH^-$$
 (I)

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wherein  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  each independently represents an alkyl group having 1 - 4 carbon atoms or a hydroxyalkyl group having 1 - 4 carbon atoms.

- 2. The cleaning liquid as claimed in claim 1, wherein the sacrifice layer comprises a spin-on-glass material.
- 3. The cleaning liquid as claimed in claim 2, wherein the spin-on-glass material contains a light absorbing substance.
- 4. The cleaning liquid as claimed in claim 1, wherein component
- (a) is tetramethylammonium hydroxide and/or
- 25 (2-hydroxyethyl)trimethylammonium hydroxide.

- 5. The cleaning liquid as claimed in claim 1, wherein component(b) is dimethyl sulfoxide.
- 6. The cleaning liquid as claimed in claim 1, wherein the cleaning liquid comprises 8 12 mass\* of component (a), 40 60 mass\* of component (b), and 30 50 mass\* of component (c).
- 7. The cleaning liquid as claimed in claim 1, wherein the cleaning liquid further comprises (d) a mercapto group-containing compound, and/or (e) a quaternary ammonium hydroxide represented by the following general formula (II), with the proviso that component (e) differs from component (a):

$$\begin{bmatrix} R_5 \\ I \\ R_6 - N - R_8 \\ I \\ R_7 \end{bmatrix}^{+} OH^{-}$$
 (II)

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wherein  $R_5$ ,  $R_6$ ,  $R_7$  and  $R_8$  each independently represents an alkyl group having 1 - 20 carbon atoms or a hydroxyalkyl group having 1 - 20 carbon atoms, provided that at least one of  $R_5$ ,  $R_6$ ,  $R_7$  and  $R_8$  represents an alkyl group having 10 or more carbon atoms, or at least two of  $R_5$ ,  $R_6$ ,  $R_7$  and  $R_8$  each independently represents a hydroxyalkyl group having 2 - 5 carbon atoms.

8. A process for treating a substrate having a dual damascene structure comprising steps of: etching a low dielectric layer accumulated on a substrate having thereon a metallic layer to form a first etched-space; charging a sacrifice layer in the first etched-space; partially etching the low dielectric layer and the sacrifice layer to form a second etched-space connected to the first etched-space; and bringing the sacrifice layer remaining in the first etched-space in contact with a cleaning liquid as

claimed in any one of claims 1 - 7 to remove the sacrifice layer.